

Cloud Computing at Yahoo!

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Overview

- Cloud Strategy
- Cloud Services
- Cloud Research Partnerships



Yahoo! Cloud Strategy

- 1. Optimizing for Yahoo-scale
- 2. Fast product development & innovation
- 3. Robust data processing & serving environments
- 4. Reduced labor & costs for infrastructure
- 5. Internally focused, multi-year effort



1. Optimizing for Yahoo-scale

Massive user base

- 500M+ unique users per month
- Hundreds of peta bytes of storage
- Hundreds of thousands of requests/second

Global scale

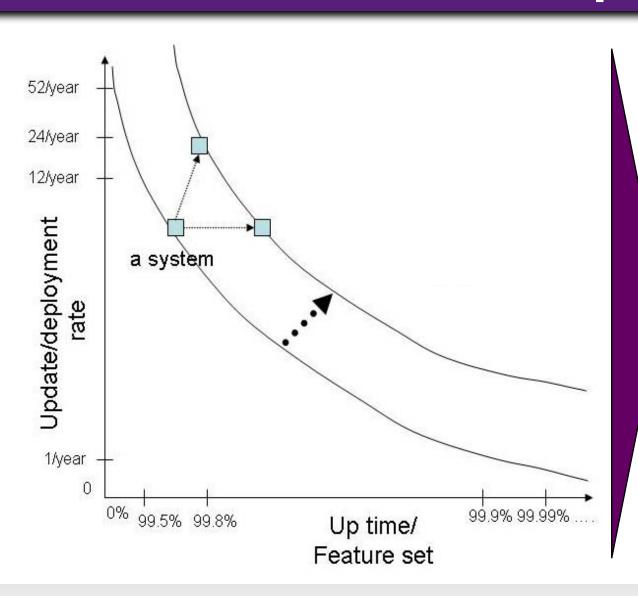
- Tens of globally distributed data centers
- Serving each region at low latencies

Operational challenges

- Rapidly extracting value from data
- Highly variable usage patterns



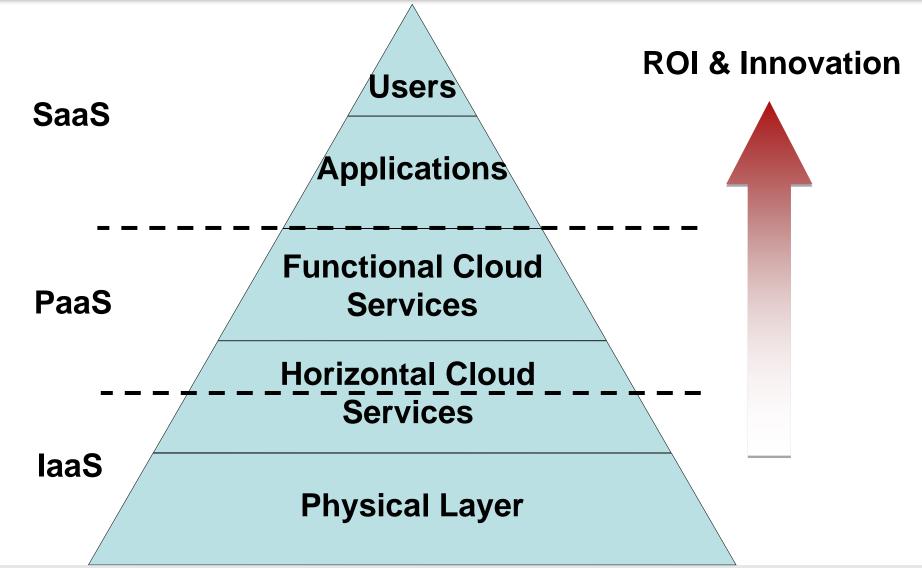
2. Fast Product Development...



Cloud increases agility and quality



2. ... Increase Innovation





3. Robust Processing & Serving





Technology Strategy: Design for...

Open Source

Hadoop, Pig, Traffic Server, etc.

High performance

- High throughput
- Low latency

Multi-data center

- N-way replication
- Consistency/availability tradeoffs
- Flat, flexible infrastructure

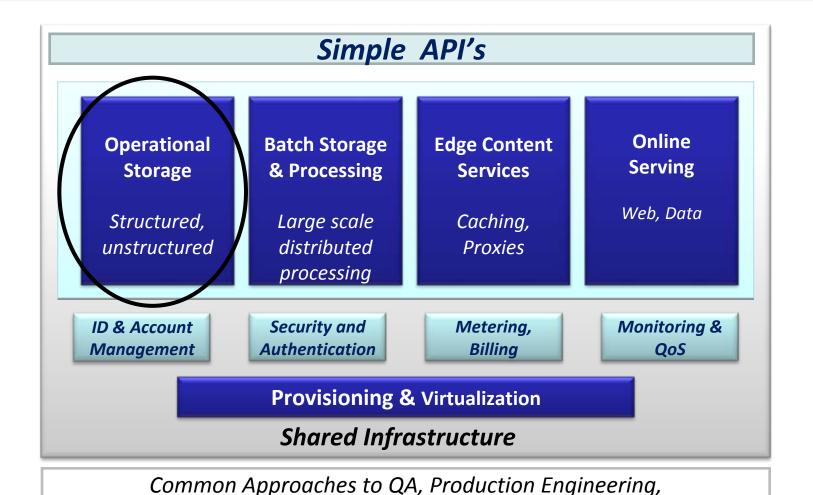


Outline

- Cloud Strategy
- Cloud Services
- Cloud Research Partnerships



Yahoo! Cloud Services



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Performance Engineering, Datacenter Management, and Optimization

Database in the Cloud

- Reduce application development time
- Amortize operations/DBA costs
- Share best practices across applications
- Scale on-demand

Hosted, centrally-managed DB service

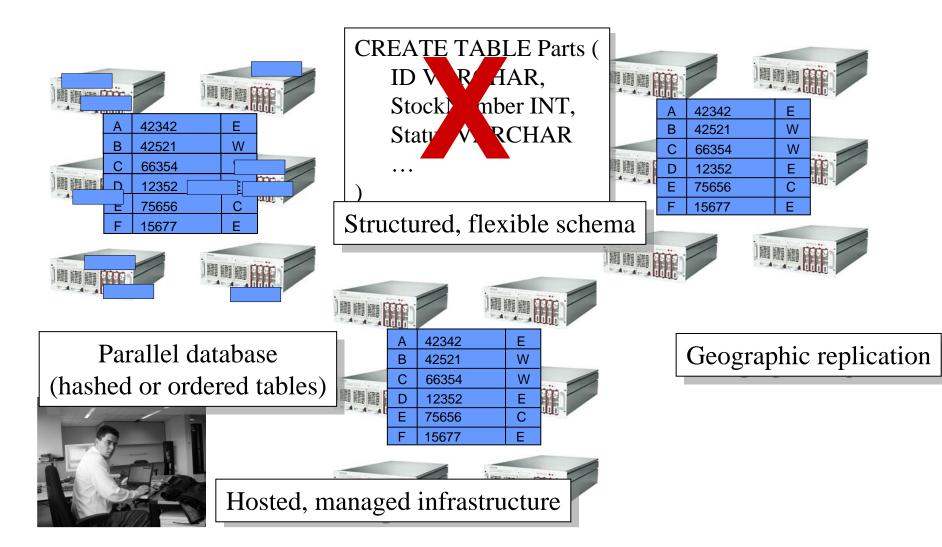


Structured Storage: PNUTS

- Trade away "standard" DBMS features
 - Complicated queries
 - Strong transactions
- Must have
 - Scalability
 - Flexibility
 - Availability

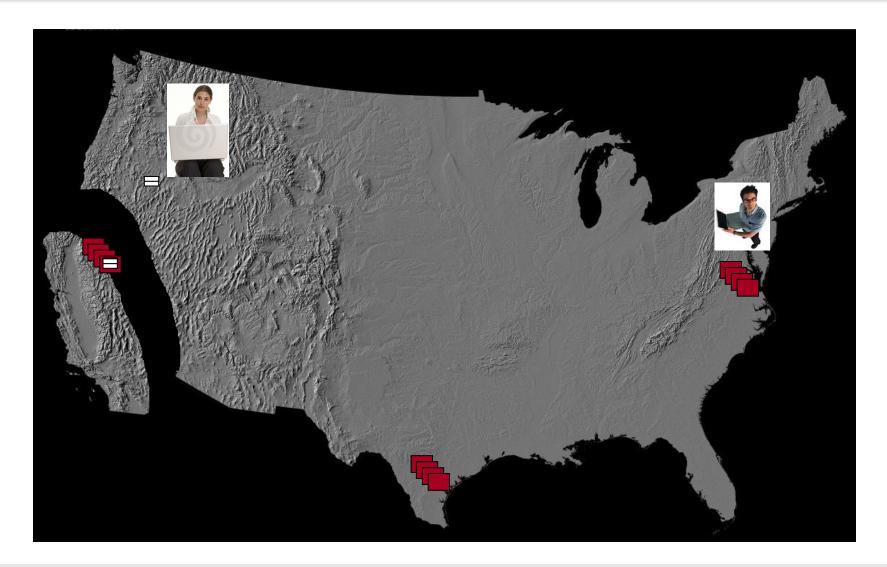


PNUTS: Scalability and Flexibility



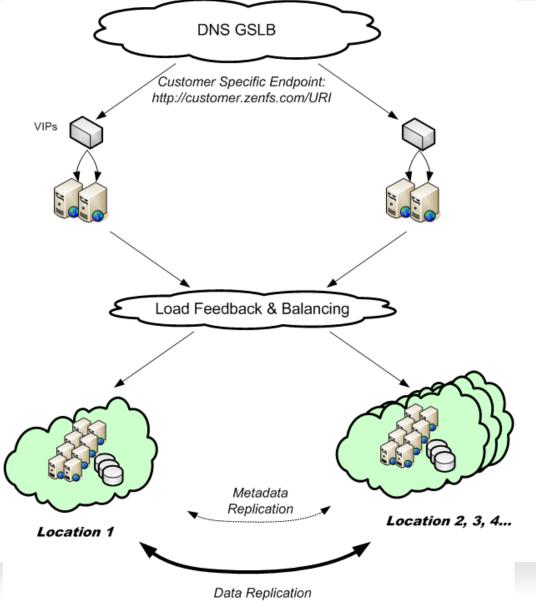


Availability & Low-Latency Access: Asynchronous Replication





Unstructured Storage: MObStor



Global Servers

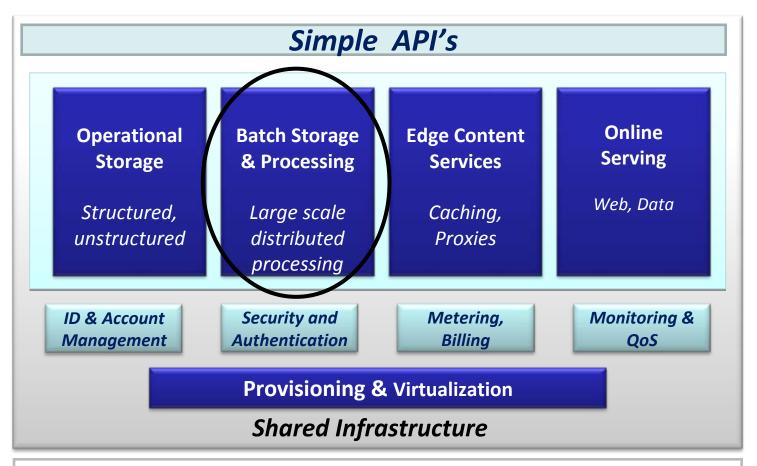
- Caching
- Protocol termination
- Authentication
- Content routing

Local Servers

- Auto expiration
- De-duplication
- Object placement
- Re-replication



Yahoo! Cloud Services



Common Approaches to QA, Production Engineering, Performance Engineering, Datacenter Management, and Optimization



Batch Processing: Hadoop

Apache Hadoop

Open source project started in 2005

• Milestones at Yahoo!

- Became primary contributor in 2006
- Scaled from 20 to 4,000 node clusters
- Began running production jobs in Q1 2008

Characteristics

- Portable (written in Java)
- Uses commodity hardware



- 17 -

Hadoop Distributed File System

- Single petabyte file system
 - Managed by a namenode
 - Support files read/write but append-only
 - Optimized for streaming reads of large files
- Files are broken into large blocks
 - Transparent to the client
 - Data is checksumed
 - Blocks replicated to several datanodes
- Client talks to namenode & datanodes



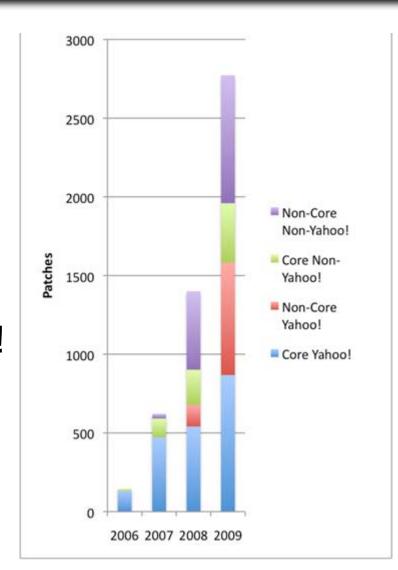
Map/Reduce Support

- Programming model for distributed computing
- Similar to Unix pipeline:
 - cat input | grep | sort | uniq -c | cat > output
 - Input | Map | Shuffle & Sort | Reduce | Output
- Efficiency from streaming through data, reducing seeks, and pipelining
- Good fit for a lot of applications
 - Log processing
 - Web index building
 - Data mining and machine learning



Yahoo! Contributions to Hadoop

- Each contribution is a patch
- Core/non-core sub-projects
- Core: HDFS and Map/Reduce
- Core contributors
 - 185 people (30% Yahoos)
 - 72% of patches from Yahoo!





Hadoop Greatly Improves Productivity

- Easy to learn
- Key computation solved in days (not months)
- Production and research use same framework
- No need to find new hardware for experiments
- Projects move from research to production in days



Hadoop Application: Search Assist™

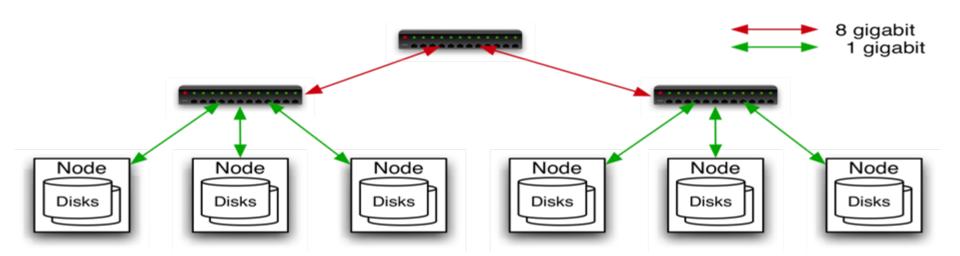
Build Search Assist DB using 3 years of log-data



	Before Hadoop	After Hadoop
Time	26 days	20 minutes
Language	C++	Python
Development	2-3 weeks	2-3 days
Time		



Hadoop Clusters at Yahoo!



- Commodity hardware
 - Linux PCs with 4 local disks
- Two- level architecture
 - 40 nodes/rack, 1Gb/s intra-rack, 8 Gb/s uplink
- Total 25,000+ nodes (~200,000 cores)



Hadoop Statistics at Yahoo!

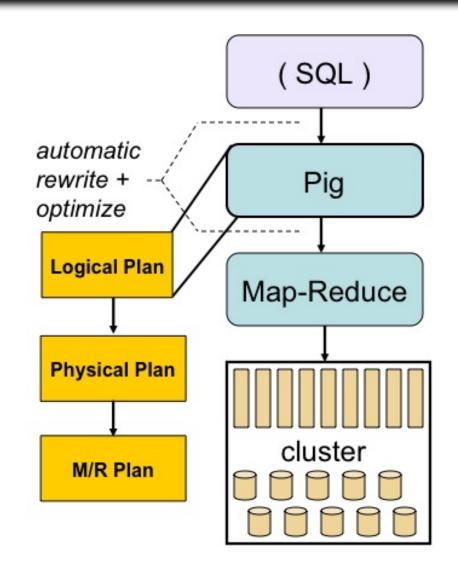
	2008	2009
Webmap	~70 hours runtime ~300 TB shuffling ~200 TB output 1480 nodes	~73 hours runtime ~490 TB shuffling ~280 TB output 2500 nodes
Sort benchmarks (Jim Gray contest)	1 Terabyte sorted209 seconds900 nodes	1 Terabyte sorted62 seconds; 1500 nodes1 Petabyte sorted16.25 hours; 3700 nodes
Largest cluster	2000 nodes6PB raw disk16TB of RAM16K CPUs	 4000 nodes 16PB raw disk 64TB of RAM 32K CPUs (40% faster CPUs too)



Processing Large Data Sets: Pig

Pig:

- High-level procedural language
- Parser, optimizer and distributed query execution
- Insulate against Hadoop complexity (e.g., version upgrades)





Pig Increases Programmer Productivity

In Native Hadoop:

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In Pig:

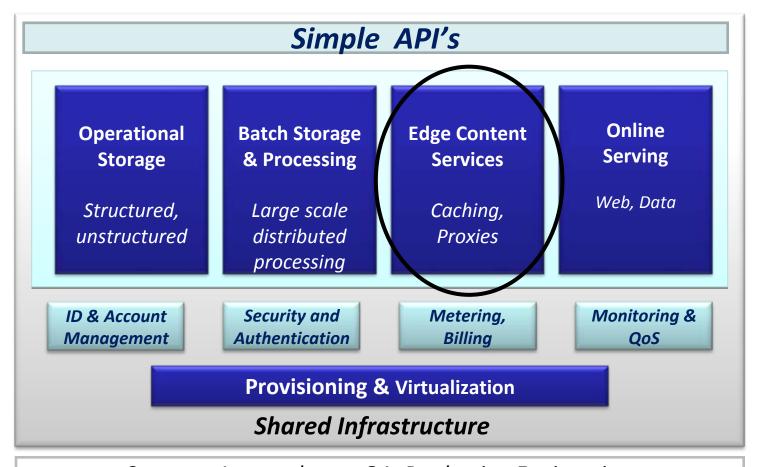
Users = load 'users' as (name, age); Filtered = filter Users by age >= 18 and age <= 25; Pages = load 'pages' as (user, url); Joined = join Filtered by name, Pages by user; Grouped = group Joined by url; Summed = foreach Grouped generate group,

COUNT(Joined) as clicks; Sorted = order Summed by clicks desc; Top5 = limit Sorted 5; store Top5 into 'top5sites';

30%+ of Hadoop jobs at Yahoo! are in Pig



Yahoo! Cloud Services



Common Approaches to QA, Production Engineering,
Performance Engineering, Datacenter Management, and Optimization



Yahoo! Traffic Server

Open Source

Released to Apache in November 2009

Caching proxy

- Can process 35,000 requests/second per server
- Efficient use of multi-core CPUs
- Extensible framework

Yahoo! usage

- Serve 400+ TB of data per day
- Serve 30 billion Web objects per day



Open Source Website

- For more information:
 - http://apache.org
 - http://hadoop.apache.org/
 - http://developer.yahoo.com/hadoop/

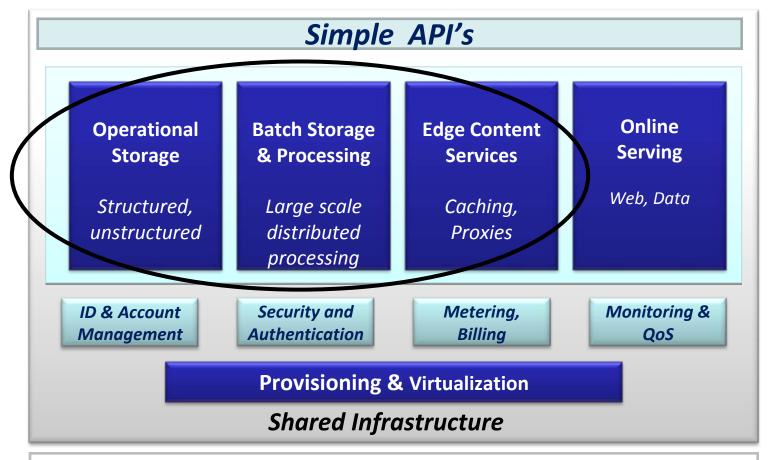








Yahoo! Cloud Services



Common Approaches to QA, Production Engineering,
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Cloud Partnership with CMU: Nov. 2007

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN

Yahoo, Carnegie Mellon Switch On Supercomputer

By WebProNews Staff - Mon, 11/12/2007 - 12:08



The M45 supercomputer provided by Yahoo opened its ports to its partners at Carnegie Mellon University, where the initiative should help boost research that benefits the broader Internet community.

November 13, 2007 | 10 comments

Iellon

Yahoo! Unleashes Teraflops of Processing Power for Research

News

Yahoo! Reaches for the Stars with M45 Supercomputing Project

Faculty and students at the nation's best universities are hungry for an Internet-scale computing environment, but it's almost impossible to find this kind of computing power on a university campus.

Not any more. Yahoo! is bringing large-scale supercomputing to the academic research community through its newly launched M45 project. Named after a well-known open star cluster, M45 is a 4,000-processor supercomputer that's one of the fifty most powerful systems in the world. The goal of the project: help academic researchers tackle some of the most complicated computing tasks known to humanity.





Open Cirrus Launched in July 2008

The New York Times

July 29, 2008, 3:19 PM

The Virtuous Competition in Cloud Computing Research

By STEVE LOHR

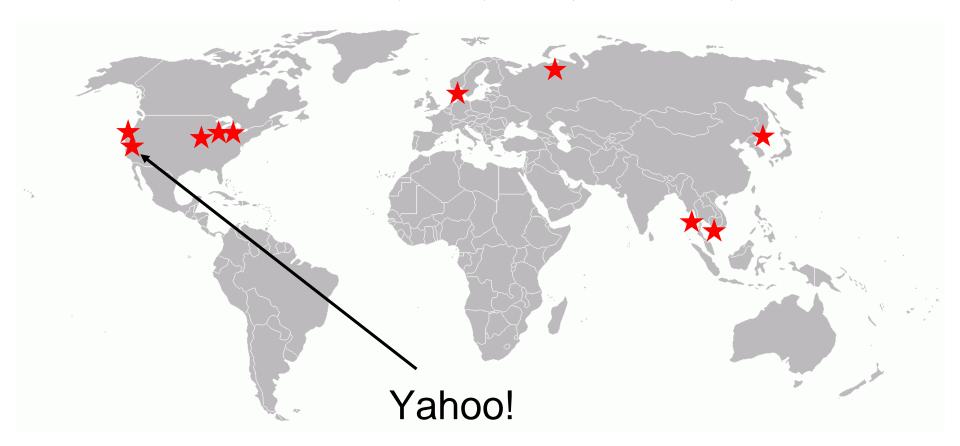
One more sign that we've entered the cloud computing era: the big corporate players are competing with one another to rev up academic research initiatives (partly with an eye toward wooing future computer scientists to work for them, of course).

Yahoo, Hewlett-Packard and Intel announced a research venture on Tuesday that spans the United States, Germany and Singapore. The goal is to advance Internet-scale computing — the proverbial "cloud," in which more computing



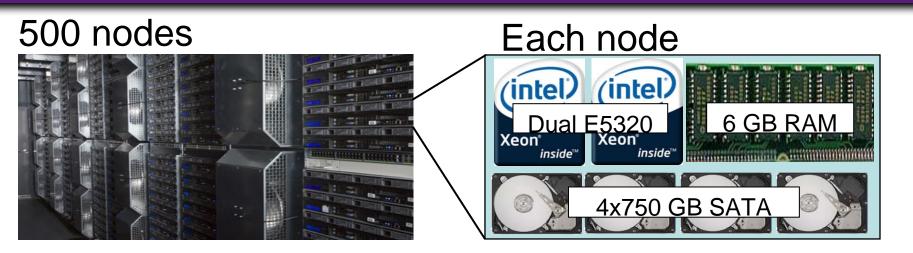
Open Cirrus: 10 Sites Worldwide

- U.S.: HP, Intel, Yahoo!, Illinois, Carnegie Mellon
- International: RAS, KIT, IDA, MIMOS, ETRI

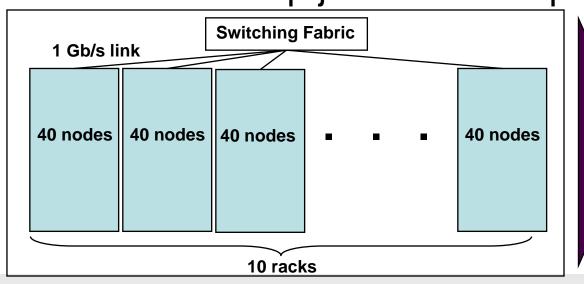




Yahoo!'s M45 Cluster



400 node Hadoop job execution partition



3,200 cores

2.4 TB RAM

1.2 PB disk



M45 Research Partnerships





















M45 Projects (Carnegie Mellon)

PI	Area	Research Project
Garth Gibson	Systems	Storage for DISC
Priya Narasimhan	Systems	Diagnosis/visualization
Tom Mitchell	ML	Read the Web
Noah Smith	NLP	Grammar induction
Jamie Callan	NLP	Educational learning
Stephan Vogel	NLP	Machine translation
Christos Faloutsos	Algorithms	Graph mining
Robert Kraut	HCI	Wikipedia user analysis



Selected M45 Research Results

- Garth Gibson (CMU)
 - Framework for converting triplicated HDFS blocks into RAID 5/6 encodings in the background. Lowered capacity overhead by 33%
 - M45 logs key to analysis
- Priya Narasimhan (CMU)
 - Developed log-analysis techniques and visualization tools to troubleshoot a variety of performance problems in Hadoop clusters
 - M45 logs key to analysis
- Tom Mitchell (CMU)
 - Knowledge extraction from hundreds of millions of Web pages
 - Information extraction at quality and scale not reported before
- Noah Smith (CMU)
 - NLP models that require large datasets or computational resources
 - Inference algorithms tested in hours or days instead of months



Selected M45 Research Results

- Christos Faloutsos (CMU)
 - Developed peta-scale graph mining system
 - Enabled analysis of very large graphs with more than billions of nodes and edges
- Robert Kraut and Niki Kittur (CMU)
 - Analyzed Wikipedia "wisdom of crowds"
 - Found identifying with group can shift contributor to align with group goal
- Stephan Vogel (CMU)
 - Built open-source Hadoop-based machine translation system
 - Improved machine translation quality enormously



M45 Projects (Berkeley, Cornell, UMass)

PI	Area	Research Project
Joe Hellerstein	Systems	Hadoop online
Michael Jordan	ML	Statistical ML
Dan Starr	App	Astrophysics/Hadoop
Kimmen Sjolander	App	Biomedical computing
Bart Selman	AI	Computational Decision Making
David Smith	IR	Mining Million Books



M45 Research Results

Key contributions:

- Over 40 technical publications to date
- Enabled training of new generation of scientists
- Built academic community around Hadoop



Summary

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Thank You



